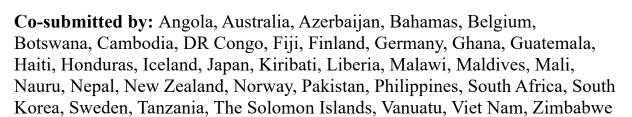
**Forum:** Third Committee of the United Nations General Assembly

**Question of:** Taking Responsibility to Improve Support for Climate Migrants





1 The Social, Cultural and Humanitarian Committee,

2

- Recalling the purposes and principles of the United Nations Charter, specifically including the
- 4 commitment to promote and encourage respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for
- 5 all, specifically mentioning refugees, without distinction as to ethnicity, gender, language or
- 6 religion,

7 8

- Deeply concerned by the harsh reality of innocent people having to flee their homes and leaving
- 9 both their possessions and close people behind,

10

- 11 Observing the economic and social vulnerabilities faced by individuals and communities
- 12 displaced by climate change, including the loss of livelihoods, inadequate access to basic
- services and increased exposure to poverty and exploitation,

14

- 15 Emphasizing the necessity of providing protection, assistance, and support to climate migrants,
- in accordance with international law and the main principles of the United Nations, to ensure
- their human rights, dignity and well-being are upheld,

18

- 19 Acknowledging the effects of climate migration for local destination communities throughout
- 20 the integration process because of legal difficulties as well as economic needs of climate
- 21 migrants,

22

- Noting with concern the existing gaps and challenges in the international response to climate-
- 24 induced migration through unfitting legal frameworks, limited access to financial resources and
- 25 the absence of comprehensive approaches to addressing the specific needs of climate migrants,

26

- 27 Alarmed by the ever-increasing frequency and dangers of natural disasters caused and amplified
- 28 by anthropogenic climate change, specifically focusing on sea level rise, extreme weather
- 29 events and changing rainfall patterns leading to islands and countries with a long coastline
- 30 extinguishing,

31

22<sup>nd</sup> Internationa

Reaffirming the importance of international cooperation and solidarity in addressing the global and complex challenge of climate migration,

Emphasizing that most countries in the world are already destinations for climate migrants while people from less developed countries and rural or disadvantaged communities are

disproportionately affected,

Noting with deep concern the negative effect of displaced agricultural workers on global food security,

*Reaffirming* the principles enshrined in the United Nations Framework Convention on climate change and the Paris agreement, including the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities,

*Keeping in mind* the rising problem of possible conflicts between citizens which could worsen the issue of climate migration,

- 1. <u>Urges</u> member states to recognize the specific needs and vulnerabilities of climate migrants and to develop and implement comprehensive policy measures aiming at ensuring the well-being of climate migrants including:
  - a. establishing legal frameworks and mechanisms that guarantee human rights and access to education, healthcare, and social services for climate migrants in their destination country,
    - i. seeking to improve the legal status of climate migrants by expanding the refugee definition of the Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees to include people forcefully displaced by climate change,
      - 1. the judgement on whether somebody is a climate refugee or not shall be assisted by more collected data on climate change effects,
    - ii. strengthening coordination and cooperation among relevant globally and locally active institutions to enhance the capacity of responding to the needs of climate migrants, including:
      - 1. government agencies,
      - 2. international organizations,
      - 3. civil society,
  - b. developing and implementing climate-resilient development strategies that promote sustainable livelihoods and income-generating opportunities for climate migrants in both host communities and regions of origin,
  - c. promoting education and awareness programs that address the specific challenges faced by climate migrants, foster social inclusion as well as combat discrimination and stigmatization,
  - d. strengthening disaster risk reduction and preventive measures to minimize the impact of climate-related disasters and prevent forced displacement and migration;

- 2. <u>Asks</u> member states to implement measures focusing on fighting climate change and addressing civil, military, and political entities by:
  - a. ensuring effective education on climate change, its effects, its causes, and ways to prevent a global anthropogenic rise in temperature,
  - b. creating legally binding guidelines on carbon dioxide emission limits per entity and enforcing punishments connected to it,
  - c. raising awareness of climate change through:
    - i. social media,
    - ii. ads.
    - iii. billboards,
    - iv. digital and physical newspapers;

- **3.** <u>Calls</u> upon the International Community to provide financial and technical assistance to support member states in implementing the earlier mentioned policies and measures through:
  - a. mobilizing additional resources, including climate finance, to address the specific needs and challenges of climate migrants,
  - b. supporting efforts to build capacities in effectively responding to climate-induced migration, including through technology transfer and sharing of knowledge,
  - c. facilitating international cooperation and partnerships to strengthen the resilience of countries and communities most affected by climate change and migration,
  - d. providing financial aid to developing countries being most affected by climate change through multilateral development funds with the amount being determined by the respective GDP, population and current and historic greenhouse gas emissions,
  - e. creating a specialized committee managing financial responsibilities of industrialized countries and the amount of aid to developing countries;

- **4.** <u>Demands</u> that vanishing island countries are granted refuge as a whole and are allowed to form their own identity and keep their sovereignty to prevent nations to fall apart, and:
  - a. if not possible then equal distribution of climate refugees should take place according to the will of the migrating country,
  - b. the immigrated nations have to be in consistent exchange with the native people to prevent cultural conflicts;

- 5. <u>Suggests</u> that areas within more developed countries could be provided so that entire nations who had to move can form their own identity and remain one people, but:
  - a. receiving countries do not have to surrender their territory if they want to keep it:

**6.** <u>Urges</u> a fair distribution key that regulates the allocation of climate migrants to different countries based on:

a. available infrastructure in the respective country, 122 b. population density, 123 c. healthcare systems. 124 d. employment opportunities 125 e. financial possibilities, 126 127 f. the countries' historical and current contribution to greenhouse gas emissions and climate change, 128 g. regional proximity to the regions of origin of the respective climate migrants; 129 130 7. Aims at starting a forum where disaster management resources can be shared; 131 132 **8.** Encourages the United Nations system, including relevant specialized agencies, funds 133 and programs to: 134 a. expand their efforts to mainstream the protection and support for climate 135 migrants into their policies, programs and activities by determining and 136 implementing safe refugee routes for current and following generations, 137 b. support research, data collection and analysis programs to improve the pressing 138 situation by: 139 i. gaining better insights into the drivers of climate change as the cause of 140 climate-induced migration, 141 ii. basing decisions whether migrants are climate refugees on collected 142 data. 143 iii. evaluating mentioned aid projects based on their measured impact; 144 145 9. Endorses any further ideas, measures, and strategies which can be beneficial for the 146 problem-solving process of supporting climate migrants; 147 148 149 10. Requests the Secretary General to implement the International Climate Migration Resolution Agency (CLMRA) which: 150 a. is to be recognized by all members of the committee, 151 b. handles, supervises and solves climate migration problems on an international 152 level. 153 c. funds institutions which can have a positive impact on the environment, 154 d. proposes construction work to build safety measures (for example dams to 155 combat floods) and to ensure fundamental needs such as housings, hygiene, 156 education and healthcare. 157 e. acts as the forum where disaster management resources can be shared, including, 158 but not limited to: 159 160 i. intellectual property and experiences, emergency land, naval and aerial vehicles, 161 ii. voluntary workers helping in disaster scenarios, 162 iii. construction materials, medical healthcare and consumables, portable 163 accommodation and communication; 164

165

11. Urges all member states to take necessary measures to ensure the effective implementation of this resolution; 12. <u>Decides</u> to remain actively seized on the matter. **Voting Results** In favour: 57 Against: 17 Abstentions: 3